WHAT IS SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY

WHAT IS SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY IS A FUNDAMENTAL QUESTION FOR THOSE SEEKING TO UNDERSTAND THE STRUCTURED STUDY OF CHRISTIAN DOCTRINE. SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY IS A BRANCH OF THEOLOGICAL STUDY THAT ORGANIZES AND SYNTHESIZES BIBLICAL TEACHINGS INTO A COHERENT AND COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK. IT AIMS TO PRESENT THE DOCTRINES OF THE CHRISTIAN FAITH IN AN ORDERLY MANNER, ADDRESSING KEY TOPICS SUCH AS THE NATURE OF GOD, CHRISTOLOGY, SALVATION, AND ESCHATOLOGY. THIS DISCIPLINE DRAWS FROM SCRIPTURE, TRADITION, REASON, AND EXPERIENCE TO FORMULATE CLEAR THEOLOGICAL STATEMENTS. UNDERSTANDING SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY IS ESSENTIAL FOR SCHOLARS, CLERGY, AND LAYPEOPLE WHO DESIRE A WELL-ROUNDED GRASP OF CHRISTIAN BELIEFS. THIS ARTICLE EXPLORES THE DEFINITION, HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT, MAIN CATEGORIES, AND SIGNIFICANCE OF SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY. IT ALSO DISCUSSES THE METHODOLOGIES USED AND ITS PRACTICAL APPLICATIONS IN CONTEMPORARY FAITH CONTEXTS. THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS PROVIDE A DETAILED OVERVIEW OF WHAT SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY ENTAILS AND WHY IT REMAINS RELEVANT TODAY.

- DEFINITION AND SCOPE OF SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY
- HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT OF SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY
- Main Categories and Topics within Systematic Theology
- METHODOLOGIES AND APPROACHES IN SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY
- PRACTICAL SIGNIFICANCE AND APPLICATIONS OF SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY

DEFINITION AND SCOPE OF SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY

SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY IS THE DISCIPLINE THAT SEEKS TO ARRANGE THEOLOGICAL TRUTHS IN A LOGICAL, COHERENT, AND STRUCTURED MANNER. Unlike BIBLICAL THEOLOGY, WHICH FOCUSES ON THE PROGRESSIVE UNFOLDING OF GOD'S REVELATION IN SCRIPTURE, SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY SYNTHESIZES THESE TRUTHS ACCORDING TO TOPICS OR DOCTRINES. THIS APPROACH ALLOWS THEOLOGIANS TO STUDY COMPLEX THEOLOGICAL THEMES IN RELATION TO ONE ANOTHER, PROVIDING A HOLISTIC UNDERSTANDING OF CHRISTIAN FAITH. SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY ADDRESSES FUNDAMENTAL QUESTIONS ABOUT GOD, HUMANITY, SALVATION, AND THE CHURCH, AIMING TO ARTICULATE BELIEFS CLEARLY AND CONSISTENTLY.

THE MEANING OF "SYSTEMATIC" IN THEOLOGY

THE TERM "SYSTEMATIC" REFERS TO THE METHODICAL AND ORGANIZED WAY IN WHICH THEOLOGICAL TOPICS ARE EXAMINED. IT INVOLVES GATHERING SCRIPTURAL DATA, INTERPRETING DOCTRINES, AND THEN PRESENTING THEM IN A STRUCTURED FORMAT.

THIS SYSTEMATIZATION HELPS PREVENT CONTRADICTORY INTERPRETATIONS AND ENHANCES THE CLARITY OF CHRISTIAN TEACHING. IT ALSO FACILITATES DIALOGUE AMONG THEOLOGIANS BY ESTABLISHING A COMMON FRAMEWORK FOR DISCUSSION.

SCOPE AND LIMITS OF SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY

While systematic theology covers a broad range of doctrinal issues, it operates within the boundaries set by biblical revelation and Christian tradition. It does not replace the Bible but serves to interpret and explain its teachings. Moreover, systematic theology distinguishes itself from other theological disciplines such as historical theology, which studies the development of doctrine over time, and practical theology, which applies doctrine to everyday ministry.

HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT OF SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY

THE EVOLUTION OF SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY SPANS CENTURIES AND REFLECTS THE GROWTH OF CHRISTIAN THOUGHT. EARLY CHURCH FATHERS LIKE AUGUSTINE AND AQUINAS LAID THE GROUNDWORK FOR SYSTEMATIC APPROACHES BY ORGANIZING CHRISTIAN DOCTRINES. THE MEDIEVAL PERIOD SAW FURTHER REFINEMENT, WHILE THE PROTESTANT REFORMATION INTRODUCED NEW EMPHASES AND METHODS. MODERN SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY INCORPORATES PHILOSOPHICAL INSIGHTS AND CONTEMPORARY ISSUES, DEMONSTRATING ITS DYNAMIC AND EVOLVING NATURE.

EARLY CHURCH CONTRIBUTIONS

THE EARLY CHURCH FATHERS CONTRIBUTED SIGNIFICANTLY TO THE FOUNDATION OF SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY. THEY TACKLED CONTROVERSIES ABOUT THE NATURE OF CHRIST, THE TRINITY, AND SALVATION, CREATING CREEDS AND CONFESSIONS THAT SYSTEMATIZED CHRISTIAN BELIEFS. AUGUSTINE'S WORKS, FOR EXAMPLE, SYSTEMATICALLY ADDRESSED THE NATURE OF GOD AND GRACE, INFLUENCING LATER THEOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENTS.

MEDIEVAL AND REFORMATION PERIODS

During the medieval era, theologians such as Thomas Aquinas synthesized Aristotelian philosophy with Christian doctrine, producing comprehensive theological systems. The Reformation challenged some medieval doctrines and emphasized Scripture's authority, leading to new systematic works by figures like John Calvin. These developments broadened the scope and depth of systematic theology.

MODERN AND CONTEMPORARY SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY

MODERN THEOLOGIANS HAVE EXPANDED SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY BY ENGAGING WITH SCIENCE, PHILOSOPHY, AND SOCIAL ISSUES. CONTEMPORARY SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY ADDRESSES TOPICS SUCH AS LIBERATION THEOLOGY, FEMINIST THEOLOGY, AND ECOLOGICAL CONCERNS, REFLECTING THE ONGOING RELEVANCE OF THIS DISCIPLINE IN DIVERSE CONTEXTS.

MAIN CATEGORIES AND TOPICS WITHIN SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY

SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY IS ORGANIZED INTO SEVERAL KEY CATEGORIES, EACH FOCUSING ON SPECIFIC DOCTRINAL THEMES. THESE CATEGORIES HELP IN UNDERSTANDING THE MULTIFACETED NATURE OF CHRISTIAN DOCTRINE AND ALLOW FOR DETAILED STUDY OF EACH AREA. THE PRIMARY CATEGORIES INCLUDE THE STUDY OF GOD (THEOLOGY PROPER), CHRISTOLOGY, PNEUMATOLOGY, SOTERIOLOGY, ECCLESIOLOGY, AND ESCHATOLOGY.

THEOLOGY PROPER

THEOLOGY PROPER CONCERNS THE STUDY OF GOD'S NATURE AND ATTRIBUTES. IT EXPLORES CONCEPTS SUCH AS GOD'S OMNIPOTENCE, OMNIPCESCHE, OMNIPCESCHE, HOLINESS, AND LOVE. THIS CATEGORY ADDRESSES THE DOCTRINE OF THE TRINITY, EMPHASIZING THE UNITY AND DIVERSITY WITHIN THE GODHEAD.

CHRISTOLOGY

CHRISTOLOGY FOCUSES ON THE PERSON AND WORK OF JESUS CHRIST. IT EXAMINES HIS DIVINE AND HUMAN NATURES, INCARNATION, ATONEMENT, RESURRECTION, AND ROLE AS MEDIATOR BETWEEN GOD AND HUMANITY. THIS AREA IS CENTRAL TO CHRISTIAN FAITH AS IT EXPLAINS HOW SALVATION IS ACCOMPLISHED THROUGH CHRIST.

PNEUMATOLOGY

PNEUMATOLOGY STUDIES THE HOLY SPIRIT'S PERSON AND WORK. IT CONSIDERS THE SPIRIT'S ROLE IN INSPIRATION, SANCTIFICATION, EMPOWERMENT, AND GUIDANCE OF BELIEVERS. UNDERSTANDING THE HOLY SPIRIT IS CRUCIAL FOR COMPREHENDING THE ONGOING PRESENCE OF GOD IN THE WORLD AND IN THE CHURCH.

SOTERIOLOGY

SOTERIOLOGY IS THE DOCTRINE OF SALVATION. IT EXPLORES HOW HUMANS ARE SAVED THROUGH GRACE, FAITH, AND THE REDEMPTIVE WORK OF CHRIST. THIS CATEGORY ADDRESSES JUSTIFICATION, SANCTIFICATION, ELECTION, AND ASSURANCE OF SALVATION, PROVIDING A FRAMEWORK FOR UNDERSTANDING REDEMPTION.

ECCLESIOLOGY

ECCLESIOLOGY DEALS WITH THE NATURE AND FUNCTION OF THE CHURCH. IT EXAMINES CHURCH GOVERNANCE, SACRAMENTS, THE MISSION OF THE CHURCH, AND THE ROLE OF BELIEVERS WITHIN THE COMMUNITY. THIS CATEGORY HIGHLIGHTS THE IMPORTANCE OF THE CHURCH AS THE BODY OF CHRIST ON EARTH.

ESCHATOLOGY

ESCHATOLOGY STUDIES THE LAST THINGS, INCLUDING DEATH, JUDGMENT, HEAVEN, HELL, AND THE RETURN OF CHRIST. IT PROVIDES INSIGHT INTO THE ULTIMATE DESTINY OF HUMANITY AND THE FULFILLMENT OF GOD'S KINGDOM. THIS CATEGORY ENCOURAGES HOPE AND ETHICAL LIVING IN LIGHT OF FUTURE REALITIES.

METHODOLOGIES AND APPROACHES IN SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY

THE STUDY OF SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY EMPLOYS VARIOUS METHODOLOGIES TO ENSURE COMPREHENSIVE AND ACCURATE THEOLOGICAL FORMULATION. THESE METHODS INVOLVE THE USE OF SCRIPTURE, REASON, TRADITION, AND EXPERIENCE. DIFFERENT THEOLOGICAL TRADITIONS MAY EMPHASIZE SOME APPROACHES MORE THAN OTHERS, BUT ALL CONTRIBUTE TO A BALANCED UNDERSTANDING.

SCRIPTURAL EXEGESIS AND HERMENEUTICS

Systematic theology relies heavily on careful interpretation of biblical texts. Exegesis involves analyzing Scripture within its historical and literary contexts, while hermeneutics provides principles for applying biblical truths. This ensures that doctrines are firmly grounded in the authoritative Word of God.

PHILOSOPHICAL AND LOGICAL ANALYSIS

Reason and logic are used to clarify theological concepts and resolve apparent contradictions. Philosophical inquiry helps address questions about God's nature, the problem of evil, and human free will. This analytical approach enhances the coherence and credibility of theological systems.

ENGAGEMENT WITH TRADITION

HISTORICAL CREEDS, CONFESSIONS, AND THEOLOGICAL WRITINGS INFORM SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY BY PRESERVING ORTHODOX TEACHINGS. ENGAGING WITH TRADITION ALLOWS THEOLOGIANS TO BUILD UPON THE WISDOM OF PREVIOUS GENERATIONS WHILE ADDRESSING CONTEMPORARY CHALLENGES.

CONTEXTUAL AND EXPERIENTIAL CONSIDERATIONS

SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY ALSO CONSIDERS THE LIVED EXPERIENCE OF FAITH COMMUNITIES AND CULTURAL CONTEXTS. THIS APPROACH ENSURES THAT THEOLOGY REMAINS RELEVANT AND RESPONSIVE TO THE NEEDS OF BELIEVERS IN DIFFERENT TIMES AND PLACES.

PRACTICAL SIGNIFICANCE AND APPLICATIONS OF SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY

SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY SERVES VITAL FUNCTIONS WITHIN THE CHURCH AND BROADER SOCIETY. IT PROVIDES A FOUNDATION FOR PREACHING, TEACHING, APOLOGETICS, AND ETHICAL DECISION-MAKING. BY ARTICULATING A COHERENT WORLDVIEW, IT EQUIPS BELIEVERS TO ENGAGE THOUGHTFULLY WITH CONTEMPORARY ISSUES.

ENHANCING DOCTRINAL CLARITY AND UNITY

Systematic theology promotes clarity by organizing complex doctrines into understandable frameworks. This clarity fosters unity within the church by providing a common language and set of beliefs that guide faith and practice.

SUPPORTING APOLOGETICS AND EVANGELISM

Well-structured theology aids in defending the Christian faith against objections and misconceptions. It provides reasoned explanations that help communicate the gospel message effectively to diverse audiences.

GUIDING CHRISTIAN LIVING AND ETHICS

SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY INFORMS MORAL AND ETHICAL DECISION-MAKING BY GROUNDING VALUES IN BIBLICAL TRUTHS. IT ADDRESSES ISSUES SUCH AS JUSTICE, HUMAN DIGNITY, AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY, ENCOURAGING BELIEVERS TO LIVE FAITHFULLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOD'S WILL.

EQUIPPING CHURCH LEADERSHIP AND MINISTRY

THEOLOGICAL EDUCATION BASED ON SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY PREPARES PASTORS, TEACHERS, AND MINISTRY LEADERS TO SERVE EFFECTIVELY. IT ENSURES THAT MINISTRY ACTIVITIES ARE ROOTED IN SOUND DOCTRINE AND BIBLICAL PRINCIPLES.

SUMMARY OF KEY BENEFITS

- PROVIDES COMPREHENSIVE UNDERSTANDING OF CHRISTIAN BELIEFS
- FACILITATES THEOLOGICAL DIALOGUE AND SCHOLARSHIP
- SUPPORTS EFFECTIVE PREACHING AND TEACHING
- ENHANCES FAITH ARTICULATION AND DEFENSE
- ENCOURAGES ETHICAL LIVING AND SOCIAL ENGAGEMENT

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT IS SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY?

SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY IS A BRANCH OF THEOLOGICAL STUDY THAT AIMS TO ARRANGE AND ARTICULATE THE DOCTRINES OF THE CHRISTIAN FAITH IN A COHERENT, ORGANIZED, AND COMPREHENSIVE MANNER.

HOW DOES SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY DIFFER FROM BIBLICAL THEOLOGY?

Systematic theology organizes theological topics topically and logically, addressing doctrines such as God, salvation, and the church, whereas biblical theology focuses on the progressive revelation of God's truth as presented in the Bible's historical and literary context.

WHY IS SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY IMPORTANT IN CHRISTIAN STUDIES?

Systematic theology is important because it helps believers understand and explain their faith clearly, provides a framework for interpreting Scripture, and addresses contemporary issues by applying biblical principles consistently.

WHAT ARE THE MAIN TOPICS COVERED IN SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY?

MAIN TOPICS IN SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY TYPICALLY INCLUDE THE STUDY OF GOD (THEOLOGY PROPER), CHRISTOLOGY, PNEUMATOLOGY, SOTERIOLOGY, ECCLESIOLOGY, ESCHATOLOGY, AND ANTHROPOLOGY, AMONG OTHERS.

WHO ARE SOME INFLUENTIAL FIGURES IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY?

INFLUENTIAL FIGURES IN SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY INCLUDE AUGUSTINE, THOMAS AQUINAS, JOHN CALVIN, KARL BARTH, AND MORE RECENTLY, THEOLOGIANS LIKE WAYNE GRUDEM AND MILLARD ERICKSON.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

- 1. Systematic Theology: An Introduction to Biblical Doctrine by Wayne Grudem
 This book offers a comprehensive introduction to systematic theology from a Protestant evangelical perspective. Grudem organizes the complex doctrines of Christianity into clear, accessible categories, making it ideal for both students and lay readers. The book emphasizes the authority of Scripture and practical application of theological truths.
- 2. Systematic Theology by Louis Berkhof

A CLASSIC WORK IN THE FIELD, BERKHOF'S SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY PROVIDES A DETAILED AND THOROUGH PRESENTATION OF REFORMED THEOLOGICAL DOCTRINES. IT COVERS TOPICS SUCH AS THE NATURE OF GOD, CHRISTOLOGY, SOTERIOLOGY, AND ESCHATOLOGY WITH ACADEMIC RIGOR. THIS BOOK IS WIDELY USED IN SEMINARIES AND THEOLOGICAL COLLEGES.

- 3. Systematic Theology: Roman Catholic Perspectives by Francis Sch? ssler Fiorenza and John P. Galvin This volume explores systematic theology through the lens of Roman Catholic tradition and teachings. It integrates Scripture, tradition, and contemporary theological insights to provide a holistic understanding. The book addresses doctrines such as the nature of the Church, sacraments, and moral theology.
- 4. CHRISTIAN THEOLOGY: AN INTRODUCTION BY ALISTER E. McGrath
 McGrath's work is a well-rounded introduction to Christian theology, including a substantial section on systematic theology. It presents historical development alongside contemporary interpretations, making it useful for understanding how doctrines have evolved. The book is accessible for beginners and valuable for further theological study.
- 5. Systematic Theology: An Introduction to Christian Belief by John M. Frame

Frame's book offers a Reformed evangelical approach to systematic theology with a strong emphasis on the authority of Scripture. It balances doctrinal exposition with philosophical reflection and practical implications. The text is known for its clarity and engaging style.

6. THE CHRISTIAN FAITH: A SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY FOR PILGRIMS ON THE WAY BY MICHAEL HORTON
HORTON PROVIDES A CONTEMPORARY REFORMED SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY THAT ADDRESSES BOTH TRADITIONAL DOCTRINES AND
CURRENT CULTURAL CHALLENGES. THE BOOK IS STRUCTURED TO GUIDE READERS THROUGH KEY CHRISTIAN BELIEFS WHILE
ENGAGING WITH MODERN QUESTIONS. IT IS PRAISED FOR ITS PASTORAL SENSITIVITY AND THEOLOGICAL DEPTH.

7. SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY BY CARL F. H. HENRY

This multi-volume work is a monumental evangelical systematic theology covering the full range of Christian doctrine. Henry emphasizes the Bible as the ultimate authority and integrates philosophical and cultural analysis. The series is suited for advanced theological study and scholarly reference.

- 8. A New Systematic Theology of the Christian Faith by Robert L. Reymond
 Reymond offers a concise and clear presentation of Reformed systematic theology, emphasizing biblical foundations. The book is designed for seminary students and pastors seeking a solid doctrinal framework. It covers essential topics such as God, humanity, salvation, and the church.
- 9. Systematic Theology: Ethics by John Franke

FOCUSING SPECIFICALLY ON THE ETHICAL DIMENSION OF SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY, FRANKE EXPLORES HOW CHRISTIAN BELIEFS INFORM MORAL DECISION-MAKING AND SOCIAL ENGAGEMENT. THE BOOK INTEGRATES THEOLOGICAL ETHICS WITH CONTEMPORARY ISSUES, PROVIDING PRACTICAL INSIGHTS FOR LIVING OUT FAITH. IT IS A VALUABLE RESOURCE FOR UNDERSTANDING THE CONNECTION BETWEEN DOCTRINE AND CHRISTIAN CONDUCT.

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in the church, miraculous gifts of the Holy Spirit, and contemporary worship music. New discussion and critiques of recent theological controversies situated outside of traditional evangelical theology, such as open theism, the new perspective on Paul, Molinism (or middle knowledge), Free Grace theology, and the preterist view of Christ's second coming. Completely revised chapter on the clarity of Scripture. Completely revised chapter on creation and evolution, including a longer critique of theistic evolution and an extensive discussion on the age of the earth. New discussion of how biblical inerrancy applies to some specific problem verses in the Gospels. Additional material explaining evangelical Protestant differences with Roman Catholicism, Protestant liberalism, and Mormonism. Completely updated bibliographies. All Scripture quotations updated from RSV to ESV. Updated section on contemporary worship music. Numerous other updates and corrections. Part of the brilliance of Systematic Theology has been its simplicity and ease of use. Each chapter follows the same structure: discussion of the doctrine being considered, an explanation of that doctrine's biblical support and possible objections, followed by personal application and key terms to know for personal growth. Chapters also include a Scripture memory passage, references to other literature on the topic, and suggested hymns and worship songs. If you think theology is hard to understand or boring, then this new edition of Systematic Theology will change your mind.

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what is systematic theology: Systematic Theology; a Historicist Perspective Gordon D. Kaufman, 1969

what is systematic theology: Systematic Theology Made Easy C. Matthew McMahon, 2010-10-13 This work takes the major themes of systematic theology and places them in an easy to understand format. This is an introductory work for those beginning to study this subject, and deals with systematic theology in bite-size portions, or theological sound-bytes. The Word of God was given to the Church of Jesus Christ to disclose God's character, will, acts and plans. In the Word of God is found a host of different subjects that, when compiled, gives the reader the ability to know what God says on those subjects which are revealed in and through the holy Scriptures. Subjects covered in this work range from the science of theology, to the doctrines of Scripture, of God, of man, of salvation, covenant theology, the person and work of Jesus Christ, the benefits of redemption, the Law of God and even eschatology, including the doctrines of heaven and hell. This is a perfect primer for the new student of theology, or a refresher for those who want to study the marrow of systematic theology without needing to wade through other volumes which span thousands of pages.

what is systematic theology: The Oxford Handbook of Systematic Theology John Webster, Kathryn Tanner, Iain Torrance, 2009-09-10 The Oxford Handbook of Systematic Theology brings together a set of original and authoritative accounts of all the major areas of current research in Christian systematic theology, offering a thorough survey of the state of the discipline and of its prospects for those undertaking research and teaching in the field. The Handbook engages in a comprehensive examination of themes and approaches, guiding the reader through current debates and literatures in the context of the historical development of systematic theological reflection. Organized thematically, it treats in detail the full array of topics in systematic theology, as well as questions of its sources and norms, its relation to other theological and non-theological fields of enquiry, and some major trends in current work. Each chapter provides an analysis of research and

debate on its topic. The focus is on doctrinal (rather than historical) questions, and on major (rather than ephemeral) debates. The aim is to stimulate readers to reach theological judgements on the basis of consideration of the range of opinion. Drawn from Europe, the UK, and North America, the authors are all leading practitioners of the discipline. Readers will find expert guidance as well as creative suggestions about the future direction of the study of Christian doctrine.

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In his classic work Method in Theology, Bernard Lonergan left many questions unanswered in regard to his treatment of systematics. In What Is Systematic Theology? Robert M. Doran attempts to articulate and respond to these questions. Doran begins by accepting four emphases presented by Lonergan concerning systematics: first, that its principal function is the hypothetical and analogical understanding of the mysteries of faith; second, that it should begin with those mysteries of faith that have received dogmatic status; third, that it must proceed in the 'order of teaching' rather than the 'order of discovery'; and last, that it must be explanatory rather than merely descriptive. He then addresses questions that are raised by each of these emphases. What Is Systematic Theology? is the most thorough attempt undertaken to date to advance Lonergan's program for systematics, fully in the spirit of his work but addressing issues that he left to others. Doran's idea of a core set of meanings for systematics – or a 'unified field structure' – is highly original, as is the integration of the systematic ideal and contemporary historical consciousness.

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