epigastric region anatomy

epigastric region anatomy encompasses a critical area of the human body, located in the upper central part of the abdomen. This region houses several vital organs and structures, making its anatomy essential for understanding various physiological processes and potential medical conditions. The epigastric region is bordered by the costal margins above and the umbilicus below, acting as a significant landmark in clinical examinations. In this article, we will delve into the detailed anatomy of the epigastric region, including its boundaries, contents, and clinical significance. Furthermore, we will explore the relevant organs, their functions, and common medical concerns associated with this area of the body.

Introduction to the Epigastric Region

The epigastric region is one of the nine regions of the abdomen, often referenced in both medical and anatomical contexts. This area is crucial for healthcare professionals when diagnosing and treating various conditions. Understanding its anatomy helps in recognizing symptoms that may arise from the organs located within this region. The epigastric area plays a significant role in digestive, endocrine, and respiratory functions, making its study vital for medical practitioners. In this section, we will highlight the importance of the epigastric region in relation to surrounding anatomical structures and its role in overall health.

Anatomical Boundaries

The epigastric region is defined by specific anatomical boundaries that help identify its location. It is situated superiorly to the umbilical region and inferiorly to the xiphoid process of the sternum. Laterally, it is bordered by the midclavicular lines. Understanding these boundaries is essential for accurate physical examinations and interventions.

Boundaries of the Epigastric Region

The precise boundaries of the epigastric region can be summarized as follows:

- **Superior Boundary:** The xiphoid process.
- **Inferior Boundary:** The horizontal line at the level of the umbilicus.
- **Lateral Boundaries:** The midclavicular lines extending from the clavicles down to the iliac crests.

Major Organs in the Epigastric Region

The epigastric region contains several vital organs, each playing a unique role in the body's functioning. Understanding the anatomical position of these organs is crucial for diagnosing abdominal pain and other medical conditions.

Organs Located in the Epigastric Region

Among the key organs located in the epigastric region are:

- **Stomach:** The primary organ of digestion where food is mixed with gastric juices.
- **Liver:** A vital organ involved in metabolism, detoxification, and the production of bile.
- **Pancreas:** An organ with both endocrine and exocrine functions, playing a crucial role in digestion and blood sugar regulation.
- **Spleen:** An organ involved in blood filtration and immune response.
- **Duodenum:** The first part of the small intestine, where most chemical digestion occurs.

Vascular Supply and Innervation

The vascular supply and innervation of the epigastric region are essential for its proper functioning. The blood supply primarily comes from branches of the aorta and the inferior epigastric artery, while the innervation is provided by various nerves that facilitate sensory and motor functions.

Blood Supply

The epigastric region receives blood from the following sources:

- **Superior Epigastric Artery:** A branch of the internal thoracic artery.
- **Inferior Epigastric Artery:** A branch of the external iliac artery.

Innervation

The innervation of the region is primarily through the lower thoracic nerves (T5-T11), which provide sensory input from the skin and muscles in this area. Understanding the innervation is essential for diagnosing and treating pain or dysfunction in the epigastric region.

Clinical Significance

The clinical significance of the epigastric region cannot be overstated. Many medical conditions manifest symptoms in this area, making it crucial for healthcare professionals to be familiar with the anatomy and potential pathologies associated with this region.

Importance in Diagnosis

Symptoms such as pain, discomfort, or bloating in the epigastric region can indicate a variety of conditions, including:

- Gastritis
- Peptic ulcers
- Pancreatitis
- Hepatitis
- Gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD)

Being able to accurately locate and identify these symptoms is essential for effective diagnosis and treatment.

Common Conditions Affecting the Epigastric

Region

Several common conditions can affect the organs within the epigastric region. Understanding these conditions is vital for both patients and healthcare practitioners.

Overview of Common Conditions

Some of the most prevalent conditions affecting the epigastric region include:

- **Gastritis:** Inflammation of the stomach lining, often caused by infection, certain medications, or excessive alcohol consumption.
- **Peptic Ulcers:** Sores that develop on the lining of the stomach or the first part of the small intestine, often due to H. pylori infection or prolonged use of NSAIDs.
- **Pancreatitis:** Inflammation of the pancreas, which can result from gallstones, alcohol use, or certain medications.
- **Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease (GERD):** A chronic condition where stomach acid flows back into the esophagus, causing irritation and discomfort.

Conclusion

The anatomy of the epigastric region is complex and plays a crucial role in various bodily functions. Understanding its anatomical boundaries, major organs, blood supply, and common medical conditions is essential for effective diagnosis and treatment. As the epigastric region is home to several vital organs, any issues arising in this area can significantly impact a person's health. Medical professionals must maintain a comprehensive understanding of this region to provide the best possible care for their patients.

Q: What organs are primarily located in the epigastric region?

A: The primary organs located in the epigastric region include the stomach, liver, pancreas, spleen, and duodenum. Each of these organs plays a significant role in digestion and metabolism.

Q: How do I identify pain in the epigastric region?

A: Pain in the epigastric region is typically felt in the upper central part of the abdomen, just below the ribs. It can be associated with various conditions such as gastritis, ulcers, or pancreatitis.

Q: What are the common symptoms of conditions affecting the epigastric region?

A: Common symptoms include upper abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, bloating, and indigestion. In cases of severe conditions, symptoms may also include fever and significant weight loss.

Q: How is the epigastric region examined in a clinical setting?

A: Examination of the epigastric region involves inspection, palpation, and auscultation to assess for tenderness, masses, or abnormal sounds. Medical history and symptom description are also crucial in diagnosis.

Q: What role does the pancreas play in the epigastric region?

A: The pancreas, located in the epigastric region, has both endocrine and exocrine functions. It regulates blood sugar levels through hormone production and aids digestion by secreting digestive enzymes.

Q: Can lifestyle choices affect the health of the epigastric region?

A: Yes, lifestyle choices such as diet, alcohol consumption, and smoking can significantly impact the health of the epigastric region, contributing to conditions like gastritis and peptic ulcers.

Q: What is the significance of the vascular supply to the epigastric region?

A: The vascular supply, mainly from the superior and inferior epigastric arteries, is crucial for delivering oxygen and nutrients to the organs in the epigastric region, thus maintaining their proper function.

Q: Are there any specific tests to diagnose conditions in the epigastric region?

A: Yes, diagnostic tests such as endoscopy, ultrasound, and CT scans can help visualize the organs in the epigastric region and identify any abnormalities or conditions present.

Q: How can conditions in the epigastric region be treated?

A: Treatment varies depending on the condition but may include medications, lifestyle modifications, dietary changes, and in some cases, surgical interventions to address underlying issues.

Q: Is pain in the epigastric region always a sign of a serious condition?

A: Not necessarily. While pain in the epigastric region can indicate serious conditions, it can also be due to benign issues such as indigestion or gas. Proper evaluation by a healthcare provider is essential to determine the cause.

Epigastric Region Anatomy

epigastric region anatomy: Anatomy and Physiology Lippincott, 2002 This new Second Edition contains general and specific information on human anatomy and physiology and thoroughly explains and demonstrates normal structures and functions in all body systems. As a quick reference it provides both a systems and functional approach, and is organized in a logical body-system arrangement. Overview chapters define important terms, describe basic cell and tissue types, and detail the body's chemical makeup. Features include comprehensive explanations of physiologic processes; key terms italicized for easy access; and clear illustrations of major body structures and processes, with 32 pages in full color. Its portable size and lie-flat binding provide an easy and convenient read anywhere. Compatibility: BlackBerry(R) OS 4.1 or Higher / iPhone/iPod Touch 2.0 or Higher /Palm OS 3.5 or higher / Palm Pre Classic / Symbian S60, 3rd edition (Nokia) / Windows Mobile(TM) Pocket PC (all versions) / Windows Mobile Smartphone / Windows 98SE/2000/ME/XP/Vista/Tablet PC

epigastric region anatomy: Gross Anatomy Kyung Won Chung, 2005 Now in its updated Fifth Edition, BRS Gross Anatomy is the first of the books in the Board Review Series to assume a primary role as a course review and textbook for medical students in first-year anatomy courses. Written in a concise, bulleted outline format, this well-illustrated text offers 500 USMLE-style review questions, answers, and explanations and features comprehensive content and upgraded USMLE Step 1 information.

epigastric region anatomy: Cunningham's textbook of anatomy Daniel John Cunningham, 1818

epigastric region anatomy: Sobotta Clinical Atlas of Human Anatomy, one volume, English Friedrich Paulsen, Jens Waschke, 2019-03-06 Approx.664 pages

epigastric region anatomy: The Dublin Dissector, Or Manual of Anatomy , 1831

epigastric region anatomy: *A Laboratory Textbook of Anatomy and Physiology* Anne B. Donnersberger, Anne Lesak Scott, 2005-10 At last, a brand new fetal pig version of the classic laboratory textbook by Donnersberger and Lesak Scott! This new book is the ideal lab text for a one- or two-term course in anatomy and physiology for students planning a health science or health-related career. Featuring fifteen integrated units, each consisting of a Purpose, Objectives, Materials, Procedures, Self-Test, Case Studies, and Short Answer Questions, this comprehensive lab text makes an ideal companion to any current anatomy and physiology text, or it can be used as both a main text and lab manual.

epigastric region anatomy: Clinically Oriented Anatomy Keith L. Moore, Arthur F. Dalley, 1999 The number one anatomy text for medical and allied health students, Clinically Oriented Anatomy features comprehensive coverage of anatomy along with clinical correlations provided by the famous blue boxes. New features in this edition include: completely new art program; surface anatomy and medical imaging boxes; and new illustrated tables.

epigastric region anatomy: A Laboratory Textbook of Anatomy and Physiology Anne Donnersberger, 2009 Thoroughly updated throughout, and now incorporating a full color design and art program, the ninth edition of A Laboratory Textbook of Anatomy and Physiology provides students with an accessible, comprehensive introduction to A&P. It is specifically designed for the laboratory portion of a one- or two-term course in anatomy and physiology for students planning a health science, allied health, or health-related career. The texts 15 integrated units use the cat as the dissection animal, while also emphasizing the human anatomy. This classic text is a proven must-have resource and learning tool for the A&P lab!

epigastric region anatomy: *Anatomy & Physiology - E-Book* Kevin T. Patton, Gary A. Thibodeau, 2014-08-29 There's no other A&P text that equals Anatomy & Physiology for its student-friendly writing, visually engaging content, and wide range of learning support. Focusing on the unifying themes of structure and function in homeostasis, this dynamic text helps you easily master difficult material with consistent, thorough, and non-intimidating explanations. You can also connect with the textbook through a number of free electronic resources, including Netter's 3D Interactive Anatomy, the engaging A&P Online course, an electronic coloring book, online tutoring, and more! Creative, dynamic design with over 1400 full-color photographs and drawings, plus a comprehensive color key, illustrates the most current scientific knowledge and makes the information more accessible. UNIQUE! Consistent, unifying themes in each chapter such as the Big Picture and Cycle of Life sections tie your learning together and make anatomical concepts relevant. UNIQUE! The Clear View of the Human Body is a full-color, semi-transparent, 22-page model of the body that lets you virtually dissect the male and female human bodies along several planes of the body. UNIQUE! Body system chapters have been broken down into separate chapters to help you learn material in smaller pieces. UNIQUE! A&P Connect guides you to the Evolve site where you can learn more about related topics such as disease states, health professions, and more. Quick Guide to the Language of Science and Medicine contains medical terminology, scientific terms, pronunciations, definitions, and word part breakdowns for key concepts. Brief Atlas of the Human of the Human Body contains more than 100 full-color supplemental photographs of the human body, including surface and internal anatomy. Free 1-year access to Netter's 3D Interactive Anatomy, powered by Cyber Anatomy, a state-of-the-art software program that uses advanced gaming technology and interactive 3D anatomy models to learn, review, and teach anatomy. Smaller, separate chapters for Cell Reproduction, Autonomic Nervous System, Endocrine Regulation, and Endocrine Glands. Expansion of A&P Connect includes Protective Strategies of the Respiratory Tract, Meth Mouth, Chromosome Territories, Using Gene Therapy, and Amazing Amino Acids. Art and content updates include new dynamic art and the most current information available.

epigastric region anatomy: Anatomy and Physiology - E-Book Kevin T. Patton, 2015-02-10 Anatomy and Physiology - E-Book

epigastric region anatomy: Anatomy and Physiology for Health Professionals Mr. Rohit Manglik, 2024-07-30 A clear and accessible textbook explaining human body structure and function,

tailored for allied health and nursing students with illustrations and case-based learning.

epigastric region anatomy: Gross Anatomy, Neuroanatomy, and Embryology for Medical Students Jonathan Leo, 2025-05-27 This work is an essential resource for medical students seeking a deep, long-term understanding of anatomy. Combining and updating two of the author's previous Springer titles—one on gross anatomy and another on medical neuroanatomy—this book also includes a wealth of new material designed to support comprehensive learning. Rather than emphasizing rote memorization, this guide helps students grasp the most complex anatomical concepts they will encounter in their first year of medical school, with a focus on clinical application. Each topic is presented with real-world scenarios in mind, making it a valuable reference not only for preclinical students but also for third- and fourth-year trainees looking for a refresher during clinical rotations. The book is organized into three sections: Section One covers the gross anatomy of the head and neck, abdomen, thorax, pelvis and perineum, lower limb, upper limb, and back. Section Two presents clinical neuroanatomy in a lesion-based format, emphasizing diagnosis through signs and symptoms. Section Three explores embryology and organ system development, also with a clinical focus. Comprehensive, accessible, and richly illustrated, Gross Anatomy, Neuroanatomy, and Embryology for Medical Students: The Ultimate Survival Guide is a must-have companion for medical students navigating the challenging world of anatomy.

epigastric region anatomy: Anthony's Textbook of Anatomy & Physiology - E-Book Kevin T. Patton, Gary A. Thibodeau, 2012-03-15 There's no other A&P text that equals Anatomy & Physiology for its student-friendly writing, visually engaging content, and wide range of learning support. Focusing on the unifying themes of structure and function in homeostasis, this dynamic text helps you easily master difficult material with consistent, thorough, and non-intimidating explanations. You can also connect with the textbook through a number of electronic resources, including the engaging A&P Online course, an electronic coloring book, online tutoring, and more! - Creative, dynamic design with over 1400 full-color photographs and drawings, plus a comprehensive color key, illustrates the most current scientific knowledge and makes the information more accessible. - UNIQUE! Consistent, unifying themes in each chapter such as the Big Picture and Cycle of Life sections tie your learning together and make anatomical concepts relevant. - UNIQUE! Body system chapters have been broken down into separate chapters to help you learn material in smaller pieces. - UNIQUE! A&P Connect guides you to the Evolve site where you can learn more about related topics such as disease states, health professions, and more. - Quick Guide to the Language of Science and Medicine contains medical terminology, scientific terms, pronunciations, definitions, and word part breakdowns for key concepts. - Brief Atlas of the Human of the Human Body contains more than 100 full-color supplemental photographs of the human body, including surface and internal anatomy. - Smaller, separate chapters for Cell Reproduction, Autonomic Nervous System, Endocrine Regulation, and Endocrine Glands. - Expansion of A&P Connect includes Protective Strategies of the Respiratory Tract, Meth Mouth, Chromosome Territories, Using Gene Therapy, and Amazing Amino Acids. - Art and content updates include new dynamic art and the most current information available.

epigastric region anatomy: Early Clinical Exposure in Anatomy - E-Book Anand Reddy, 2024-05-10 In 2019, the National Medical Council (NMC) made many changes to the medical curriculum; the inclusion of Early ClinicalExposure (ECE) was one of the important changes. By including ECE, NMC aims solely at achieving both horizontal and verticalintegration in different phases of a medical curriculum. It also targets at developing the students' interest in preclinical subjectsat the beginning of the curriculum, which will help strengthen the foundation of their career and produce knowledgeable Indianmedical graduates.The book has been written according to the new changes made to the curriculum by the NMC. It will help fulfil the need of thestudents and adapt themselves to the changes easily, as facing new changes is always a challenge for both students as well asteachers. Keeping the NMC's objective in mind, the author has made an effort to impart knowledge in a competency-based andECE format. This book focuses on explaining the anatomical basis of various disorders in a question–answer format.When the 'why' is clear, the 'how'

becomes easy to understand. And, when the 'how' becomes easy, the managementof a disease also becomes easy. This book will provide 'guidelines' to preclinical students to prepare for clinical-basedquestions, and considering the vastness of the subject, it can be one of the best tools to revise clinical aspects of varioussystems of the human anatomy.SALIENT FEATURES• A unique and exclusive ECE-oriented book, as it covers not only clinical but also the collateral aspects of all topics in detail• Designed as per the latest Competency-Based Medical Education (CBME) curriculum – covers maximum competencies ofthe subject• Includes more than 225 clinical cases of gross anatomy (upper limb, thorax, head neck face, central nervous system,abdomen, lower limb), general anatomy, embryology and genetics• Covers anatomy-related AETCOM modules• Presents topics in a question–answer format – more than 1700 questions (including the ones on MedEnact) into must-know,should-know and desirable-to-know categories – a pattern useful for fast as well as slow learners• Knowledge-oriented – best for understanding the basic concepts of the subject and anatomical basis of various clinicalconditions• Exam-oriented – helps in revision and self-assessment before examinations• Line diagrams, clinical images, tables and flowcharts – facilitates quick learning and knowledge retention• Student-friendly approach – useful for beginners as each case gives an overall idea of the topic• Concise arrangement of the subject – useful for revision and preparation for the EXIT (NExT) and other similar examinations• Helpful for postgraduate students (e.g., MD anatomy, MSc anatomy) and anatomists; undergraduate students of alliedmedical sciences such as BDS, BPTh and Nursing• Includes topic-related quotes and images – an extracurricular feast

epigastric region anatomy: Anatomical dialogues; or, A breviary of anatomy. Wherein all the parts of the human body are concisely and accurately described, and their uses explained ... By a gentleman of the faculty. The second edition. With large additions and amendments ANATOMICAL DIALOGUES., 1785

epigastric region anatomy: Applied Radiological Anatomy Paul Butler, 1999-10-14 This thoroughly illustrated text will provide radiologists with a unique overview of normal anatomy as illustrated by the full range of modern radiological procedures. The theme throughout is not only to illustrate the appearance of normal anatomical features as visualized by radiology, but also to provide a comprehensive text that describes, explains, and evaluates the most current imaging practice for all the body systems and organs. Where necessary, line drawings supplement the images, illustrating essential anatomical features. The wealth of high-quality images fully supported by an authoritative text will give all radiologists an insight into normal anatomy--a vital prerequisite for interpreting abnormal radiological images. The volume is designed to be accessible to medical students, but will also prove to be a valuable resource for radiologists.

epigastric region anatomy: *Understanding Anatomy & Physiology* Gale Sloan Thompson, 2019-10-16 Tackle a tough subject in bite-sized pieces. A seemingly huge volume of information is organized into manageable sections to make complex concepts easy to understand and remember. You begin with an overview of the body, including its chemical and cellular structures, then progress to one-of-a-kind portrayals of each body system, grouped by function. Full-color illustrations, figures, sidebars, helpful hints, and easy-to-read descriptions make information crystal clear. Each unique page spread provides an entire unit of understanding, breaking down complex concepts into easy-to-grasp sections for today’s learner.

epigastric region anatomy: The Dublin Dissector, Or Manual of Anatomy Robert Harrison, 1831

epigastric region anatomy: An anatomical exposition of the structure of the human body ... Translated from the French original by G. Douglas ... The sixth edition Jacobus Benignus WINSLOW, 1772

epigastric region anatomy: Clinically Oriented Anatomy of the Dog and Cat (2nd Edition) M.S.A. Kumar, 2015 Gross anatomy should begin with developing an appreciation for the organ system's building blocks. Therefore, the first nine chapters have been devoted to describing and explaining differences between the various tissue types. A development basis for anatomy is incorporated throughout the text book. Also, this book richly illustrated with numerous conceptual

diagrams that will hopefully help the reader to understand detailed topics, especially related to the more complex nervous systems.

Related to epigastric region anatomy

Epigastric Pain: Causes, Treatment, and More - Healthline Epigastric pain is a term to describe discomfort or aching that occurs beneath your rib cage in your upper abdominal region. It has many causes, including overeating, lactose

Epigastric pain: Causes, treatment, and diagnosis - Medical News Today Epigastric pain is felt in the upper abdomen, below the ribcage but above the intestines. Learn about the possible causes, including GERD and indigestion

Epigastric Pain - What You Need to Know - Care guide for Epigastric Pain. Includes: possible causes, signs and symptoms, standard treatment options and means of care and support

Epigastric Hernia: Symptoms, Causes, Treatment & Surgery Epigastric (eh-puh-GA-struhk) hernias develop in the upper middle area of your belly (abdomen). They appear in the space below your breastbone and above your belly

Epigastric Pain: Causes, Symptoms, and Treatments - Healthgrades Epigastric pain is a common symptom of acid reflux and indigestion. Epigastric pain may also occur with conditions that cause inflammation of the digestive organs, such as

Common Causes Behind Epigastric Pain | Banner Health If you feel pain or discomfort in the middle or upper abdomen (stomach area), often on the left side below your ribcage, it could be something called epigastric pain. In this

Epigastric Pain: What Can Cause Pain in Epigastric Region? Discover the causes, symptoms, and possible complications of epigastric pain, a localized pain occurring in the upper abdominal area. Learn about various medical conditions

Epigastric Pain Syndrome (EPS): Causes, Symptoms, Diagnosis Epigastric Pain Syndrome (EPS) is a medical condition characterized by discomfort or pain in the epigastric region, which is the upper central part of the abdomen, just below the

Epigastrium - Wikipedia In anatomy, the epigastrium (or epigastric region) is the upper central region of the abdomen. It is located between the costal margins and the subcostal plane

Epigastric abdominal pain - WikEM Epigastric abdominal pain Background This page outlines the general approach to adult epigastric pain Classification by Abdominal pain location Side-by-side comparison of quadrants and

Epigastric Pain: Causes, Treatment, and More - Healthline Epigastric pain is a term to describe discomfort or aching that occurs beneath your rib cage in your upper abdominal region. It has many causes, including overeating, lactose

Epigastric pain: Causes, treatment, and diagnosis - Medical News Today Epigastric pain is felt in the upper abdomen, below the ribcage but above the intestines. Learn about the possible causes, including GERD and indigestion

Epigastric Pain - What You Need to Know - Care guide for Epigastric Pain. Includes: possible causes, signs and symptoms, standard treatment options and means of care and support

Epigastric Hernia: Symptoms, Causes, Treatment & Surgery Epigastric (eh-puh-GA-struhk) hernias develop in the upper middle area of your belly (abdomen). They appear in the space below your breastbone and above your belly

Epigastric Pain: Causes, Symptoms, and Treatments - Healthgrades Epigastric pain is a common symptom of acid reflux and indigestion. Epigastric pain may also occur with conditions that cause inflammation of the digestive organs, such as

Common Causes Behind Epigastric Pain | Banner Health If you feel pain or discomfort in the middle or upper abdomen (stomach area), often on the left side below your ribcage, it could be something called epigastric pain. In this

Epigastric Pain: What Can Cause Pain in Epigastric Region? Discover the causes, symptoms, and possible complications of epigastric pain, a localized pain occurring in the upper abdominal

area. Learn about various medical conditions

Epigastric Pain Syndrome (EPS): Causes, Symptoms, Diagnosis Epigastric Pain Syndrome (EPS) is a medical condition characterized by discomfort or pain in the epigastric region, which is the upper central part of the abdomen, just below the

Epigastrium - Wikipedia In anatomy, the epigastrium (or epigastric region) is the upper central region of the abdomen. It is located between the costal margins and the subcostal plane

Epigastric abdominal pain - WikEM Epigastric abdominal pain Background This page outlines the general approach to adult epigastric pain Classification by Abdominal pain location Side-by-side comparison of quadrants and

Epigastric Pain: Causes, Treatment, and More - Healthline Epigastric pain is a term to describe discomfort or aching that occurs beneath your rib cage in your upper abdominal region. It has many causes, including overeating, lactose

Epigastric pain: Causes, treatment, and diagnosis - Medical News Today Epigastric pain is felt in the upper abdomen, below the ribcage but above the intestines. Learn about the possible causes, including GERD and indigestion

Epigastric Pain - What You Need to Know - Care guide for Epigastric Pain. Includes: possible causes, signs and symptoms, standard treatment options and means of care and support

Epigastric Hernia: Symptoms, Causes, Treatment & Surgery Epigastric (eh-puh-GA-struhk) hernias develop in the upper middle area of your belly (abdomen). They appear in the space below your breastbone and above your belly

Epigastric Pain: Causes, Symptoms, and Treatments - Healthgrades Epigastric pain is a common symptom of acid reflux and indigestion. Epigastric pain may also occur with conditions that cause inflammation of the digestive organs, such as

Common Causes Behind Epigastric Pain | Banner Health If you feel pain or discomfort in the middle or upper abdomen (stomach area), often on the left side below your ribcage, it could be something called epigastric pain. In this

Epigastric Pain: What Can Cause Pain in Epigastric Region? Discover the causes, symptoms, and possible complications of epigastric pain, a localized pain occurring in the upper abdominal area. Learn about various medical conditions

Epigastric Pain Syndrome (EPS): Causes, Symptoms, Diagnosis Epigastric Pain Syndrome (EPS) is a medical condition characterized by discomfort or pain in the epigastric region, which is the upper central part of the abdomen, just below the

Epigastrium - Wikipedia In anatomy, the epigastrium (or epigastric region) is the upper central region of the abdomen. It is located between the costal margins and the subcostal plane

Epigastric abdominal pain - WikEM Epigastric abdominal pain Background This page outlines the general approach to adult epigastric pain Classification by Abdominal pain location Side-by-side comparison of quadrants and

Related to epigastric region anatomy

Epigastric Hernia (Healthline8y) An epigastric hernia is a type of hernia in the epigastric region of the abdominal wall. It’s above the belly button and just below the sternum of your rib cage. Treatment typically includes surgery

Epigastric Hernia (Healthline8y) An epigastric hernia is a type of hernia in the epigastric region of the abdominal wall. It’s above the belly button and just below the sternum of your rib cage. Treatment typically includes surgery

Back to Home: https://ns2.kelisto.es