virasoro algebra

virasoro algebra is a fundamental concept in the realm of theoretical physics and mathematics, particularly in the study of two-dimensional conformal field theory and string theory. It serves as an algebraic structure that captures the symmetries of such theories, making it crucial for understanding various physical phenomena. This article delves into the intricate details of virasoro algebra, including its definition, historical development, applications, and its fundamental role in modern theoretical frameworks. We will explore its mathematical properties, the relationship to other algebras, and its implications in different fields of study. By the end, readers will have a comprehensive understanding of virasoro algebra and its significance in contemporary physics and mathematics.

- Introduction
- Understanding Virasoro Algebra
- Historical Background
- Mathematical Structure
- Applications of Virasoro Algebra
- Connections to Other Theoretical Frameworks
- Conclusion
- Frequently Asked Questions

Understanding Virasoro Algebra

Virasoro algebra is a central extension of the Lie algebra of vector fields on the circle, and it is denoted as V. It is defined by a set of generators that correspond to the modes of a conformal field theory. Specifically, these generators are denoted as L_n for integers n, which satisfy certain commutation relations. The main property of virasoro algebra is its ability to encode the infinitesimal symmetries of two-dimensional conformal structures, allowing physicists to classify different conformal field theories.

The virasoro algebra is infinite-dimensional, which differentiates it from finite-dimensional Lie algebras. The defining relations of the algebra can be expressed as follows:

1.
$$[L_m, L_n] = (m - n)L_{m+n} + (c/12)(m^3 - m)\delta_{m+n}, 0$$

2. Here, *c* is the central charge, a crucial parameter that influences the representation theory of the algebra.

Historical Background

The development of virasoro algebra can be traced back to the pioneering work of Miguel Virasoro in the early 1970s. He introduced this algebraic structure while studying two-dimensional conformal field theories. Virasoro's work aimed to extend the earlier results of the Witt algebra, which describes the symmetries of functions on a circle. The inclusion of the central charge marked a significant advancement, leading to profound implications in string theory and quantum gravity.

In the subsequent decades, virasoro algebra became a cornerstone of modern theoretical physics, particularly in the context of string theory. The algebra's ability to describe the symmetries of string interactions has made it indispensable in the formulation of various physical models. Its influence extends beyond string theory, impacting areas such as statistical mechanics, where conformal invariance plays a critical role.

Mathematical Structure

The mathematical structure of virasoro algebra is rich and complex. It consists of an infinite set of generators and involves intricate commutation relations that can be derived from the properties of conformal mappings. Understanding these relations is crucial for delving deeper into the applications of the algebra.

Commutation Relations

The commutation relations of virasoro algebra can be categorized based on the values of m and n. The relations encapsulate both the algebra's structure and the role of the central charge. The central charge c plays a pivotal role in determining the physical properties of the theories associated with virasoro algebra.

Representation Theory

Representation theory is a significant aspect of virasoro algebra, enabling the classification of its irreducible representations. The representations can be categorized based on the value of the central charge and are crucial for understanding the spectrum of conformal field theories. The highest weight representations, characterized by the highest weight vector, are particularly important in this context.

Applications of Virasoro Algebra

The applications of virasoro algebra are vast and varied, spanning several domains of theoretical physics. Its role in conformal field theory and string theory is particularly noteworthy, as it provides the necessary tools to analyze and classify different models.

Conformal Field Theory

In conformal field theory, virasoro algebra helps in understanding the symmetry properties of the theory. The algebra's generators correspond to the conserved quantities associated with these symmetries, allowing for a systematic classification of conformal field theories based on their central charge and operator content.

String Theory

In string theory, virasoro algebra is instrumental in formulating the dynamics of strings. The physical states of strings are organized according to the representations of the virasoro algebra, leading to the derivation of crucial results such as the modular invariance of string amplitudes. The central charge is also significant in determining the consistency of string models, influencing aspects such as anomaly cancellation.

Statistical Mechanics

Virasoro algebra also finds applications in statistical mechanics, particularly in the study of critical phenomena. The algebra's symmetries correspond to the scaling behavior observed in phase transitions and critical points, allowing for the classification of different universality classes.

Connections to Other Theoretical Frameworks

Virasoro algebra does not exist in isolation; it is interconnected with several other mathematical structures and theories. Its relationship with the Kac-Moody algebras, for instance, highlights the broader context of symmetries in theoretical physics.

Kac-Moody Algebras

Kac-Moody algebras generalize the concept of virasoro algebra, incorporating additional symmetries. These algebras play a critical role in string theory and two-dimensional conformal field theories, providing a unifying framework for understanding various physical phenomena.

Quantum Gravity

The implications of virasoro algebra extend into quantum gravity, where it aids in the development of theories that attempt to reconcile general relativity with quantum mechanics. The algebra's structure influences the formulation of gravitational theories, particularly in the context of holography and the AdS/CFT correspondence.

Conclusion

Virasoro algebra is a foundational concept in theoretical physics that encompasses a wide array of applications and implications. Its intricate mathematical structure, historical significance, and diverse applications underscore its importance in the study of conformal field theory, string theory, and beyond. As research continues to advance, the role of virasoro algebra will undoubtedly evolve, further illuminating the intricate relationship between mathematics and physics.

Q: What is virasoro algebra used for?

A: Virasoro algebra is primarily used to describe the symmetries of two-dimensional conformal field theories and string theory. It serves as a mathematical framework to classify physical states and analyze the dynamics of these theories.

Q: Who introduced virasoro algebra?

A: Virasoro algebra was introduced by Miguel Virasoro in the early 1970s as an extension of the Witt algebra, aimed at understanding the symmetries in two-dimensional conformal field theories.

Q: What is the central charge in virasoro algebra?

A: The central charge is a parameter in virasoro algebra that influences the representations of the algebra and plays a crucial role in determining the physical properties of the associated conformal field theories.

Q: How does virasoro algebra relate to string theory?

A: In string theory, virasoro algebra helps organize physical states based on their representations, influencing the derivation of key results such as modular invariance and anomaly cancellation.

Q: Can virasoro algebra be applied in statistical mechanics?

A: Yes, virasoro algebra is applicable in statistical mechanics, particularly in the analysis of critical phenomena and phase transitions, where its symmetries correspond to scaling behaviors observed in these processes.

Virasoro Algebra

Find other PDF articles:

https://ns2.kelisto.es/business-suggest-029/Book?docid=Qft93-1017&title=verizon-internet-small-business.pdf

virasoro algebra: Representation Theory of the Virasoro Algebra Kenji Iohara, Yoshiyuki Koga, 2010-11-12 The Virasoro algebra is an infinite dimensional Lie algebra that plays an increasingly important role in mathematics and theoretical physics. This book describes some fundamental facts about the representation theory of the Virasoro algebra in a self-contained manner. Topics include the structure of Verma modules and Fock modules, the classification of (unitarizable) Harish-Chandra modules, tilting equivalence, and the rational vertex operator algebras associated to the so-called minimal series representations. Covering a wide range of material, this book has three appendices which provide background information required for some of the chapters. The authors organize fundamental results in a unified way and refine existing proofs. For instance in chapter three, a generalization of Jantzen filtration is reformulated in an algebraic manner, and geometric interpretation is provided. Statements, widely believed to be true, are collated, and results which are known but not verified are proven, such as the corrected structure theorem of Fock modules in chapter eight. This book will be of interest to a wide range of mathematicians and physicists from the level of graduate students to researchers.

virasoro algebra: The Schrödinger-Virasoro Algebra Jérémie Unterberger, Claude Roger, 2011-10-25 This monograph provides the first up-to-date and self-contained presentation of a recently discovered mathematical structure—the Schrödinger-Virasoro algebra. Just as Poincaré invariance or conformal (Virasoro) invariance play a key rôle in understanding, respectively, elementary particles and two-dimensional equilibrium statistical physics, this algebra of non-relativistic conformal symmetries may be expected to apply itself naturally to the study of some models of non-equilibrium statistical physics, or more specifically in the context of recent developments related to the non-relativistic AdS/CFT correspondence. The study of the structure of this infinite-dimensional Lie algebra touches upon topics as various as statistical physics, vertex algebras, Poisson geometry, integrable systems and supergeometry as well as representation theory, the cohomology of infinite-dimensional Lie algebras, and the spectral theory of Schrödinger operators.

virasoro algebra: <u>Kac-moody And Virasoro Algebras: A Reprint Volume For Physicists</u> Peter Goddard, David Olive, 1988-06-01 This volume reviews the subject of Kac-Moody and Virasoro Algebras. It serves as a reference book for physicists with commentary notes and reprints.

virasoro algebra: Infinite Dimensional Groups and Algebras in Quantum Physics Johnny T. Ottesen, 2008-09-11 The idea of writing this book appeared when I was working on some problems related to representations of physically relevant infinite - mensional groups of operators on physically relevant Hilbert spaces. The considerations were local, reducing the subject to dealing with representations of infinite-dimensional Lie algebras associated with the associated groups. There is a large number of specialized articles and books on parts of this subject, but to our suprise only a few represent the point of view given in this book. Moreover, none of the written material was self-contained. At present, the subject has not reached its final form and active research is still being undertaken. I present this subject of growing importance in a unified manner and by a fairly simple approach. I present a route by which students can absorb and understand the subject, only assuming that the reader is familliar with functional analysis, especially bounded and unbounded operators on Hilbert spaces. Moreover, I assume a little basic knowledge of algebras, Lie algebras, Lie groups, and manifolds- at least the definitions. The contents are presented in detail in the introduction in

Chap. The manuscript of this book has been successfully used by some advanced graduate students at Aarhus University, Denmark, in their A-exame'. I thank them for comments.

virasoro algebra: Encyclopaedia of Mathematics Michiel Hazewinkel, 1993-01-31 This ENCYCLOPAEDIA OF MATHEMATICS aims to be a reference work for all parts of mathe matics. It is a translation with updates and editorial comments of the Soviet Mathematical Encyclopaedia published by 'Soviet Encyclopaedia Publishing House' in five volumes in 1977-1985. The annotated translation consists of ten volumes including a special index volume. There are three kinds of articles in this ENCYCLOPAEDIA. First of all there are survey-type articles dealing with the various main directions in mathematics (where a rather fme subdivi sion has been used). The main requirement for these articles has been that they should give a reasonably complete up-to-date account of the current state of affairs in these areas and that they should be maximally accessible. On the whole, these articles should be understandable to mathematics students in their first specialization years, to graduates from other mathematical areas and, depending on the specific subject, to specialists in other domains of science, en gineers and teachers of mathematics. These articles treat their material at a fairly general level and aim to give an idea of the kind of problems, techniques and concepts involved in the area in question. They also contain background and motivation rather than precise statements of precise theorems with detailed definitions and technical details on how to carry out proofs and constructions. The second kind of article, of medium length, contains more detailed concrete problems, results and techniques.

virasoro algebra: Vertex Operator Algebras and the Monster Igor Frenkel, James Lepowsky, Arne Meurman, 1989-05-01 This work is motivated by and develops connections between several branches of mathematics and physics--the theories of Lie algebras, finite groups and modular functions in mathematics, and string theory in physics. The first part of the book presents a new mathematical theory of vertex operator algebras, the algebraic counterpart of two-dimensional holomorphic conformal quantum field theory. The remaining part constructs the Monster finite simple group as the automorphism group of a very special vertex operator algebra, called the moonshine module because of its relevance to monstrous moonshine.

virasoro algebra: Introduction to Conformal Invariance and Its Applications to Critical Phenomena Philippe Christe, Malte Henkel, 1993-04-13 The history of critical phenomena goes back to the year 1869 when Andrews discovered the critical point of carbon dioxide, located at about 31°C and 73 atmospheres pressure. In the neighborhood of this point the carbon dioxide was observed to become opalescent, that is, light is strongly scattered. This is nowadays interpreted as comingfrom the strong fluctuations of the system close to the critical point. Subsequently, a wide varietyofphysical systems were realized to display critical points as well. Ofparticular importance was the observation of a critical point in ferromagnetic iron by Curie. Further examples include multicomponent fluids and alloys, superfluids, superconductors, polymers and may even extend to the guark-gluon plasmaand the early universe as a whole. Early theoretical investigationstried to reduce the problem to a very small number of degrees of freedom, such as the van der Waals equation and mean field approximations and culminating in Landau's general theory of critical phenomena. In a dramatic development, Onsager's exact solution of the two-dimensional Ising model made clear the important role of the critical fluctuations. Their role was taken into account in the subsequent developments leading to the scaling theories of critical phenomena and the renormalization group. These developements have achieved a precise description of the close neighborhood of the critical point and results are often in good agreement with experiments. In contrast to the general understanding a century ago, the presence of fluctuations on all length scales at a critical point is today emphasized.

virasoro algebra: <u>Infinite-dimensional Lie Algebras</u> Minoru Wakimoto, 2001 This volume begins with an introduction to the structure of finite-dimensional simple Lie algebras, including the representation of ${\hat{s}}$ (mathfrak ${sl}$), root systems, the Cartan matrix, and a Dynkin diagram of a finite-dimensional simple Lie algebra. Continuing on, the main subjects of the book are the structure (real and imaginary root systems) of and the character formula for

Kac-Moody superalgebras, which is explained in a very general setting. Only elementary linear algebra and group theory are assumed. Also covered is modular property and asymptotic behavior of integrable characters of affine Lie algebras. The exposition is self-contained and includes examples. The book can be used in a graduate-level course on the topic.

virasoro algebra: Introduction to Vertex Operator Algebras and Their Representations James Lepowsky, Haisheng Li, 2012-12-06 * Introduces the fundamental theory of vertex operator algebras and its basic techniques and examples. * Begins with a detailed presentation of the theoretical foundations and proceeds to a range of applications. * Includes a number of new, original results and brings fresh perspective to important works of many other researchers in algebra, lie theory, representation theory, string theory, quantum field theory, and other areas of math and physics.

virasoro algebra: Conformal Invariance and Critical Phenomena Malte Henkel, 2013-03-14 Critical phenomena arise in a wide variety of physical systems. Classi cal examples are the liquid-vapour critical point or the paramagnetic ferromagnetic transition. Further examples include multicomponent fluids and alloys, superfluids, superconductors, polymers and fully developed tur bulence and may even extend to the quark-gluon plasma and the early universe as a whole. Early theoretical investigators tried to reduce the problem to a very small number of degrees of freedom, such as the van der Waals equation and mean field approximations, culminating in Landau's general theory of critical phenomena. Nowadays, it is understood that the common ground for all these phenomena lies in the presence of strong fluctuations of infinitely many coupled variables. This was made explicit first through the exact solution of the two-dimensional Ising model by Onsager. Systematic subsequent developments have been leading to the scaling theories of critical phenomena and the renormalization group which allow a precise description of the close neighborhood of the critical point, often in good agreement with experiments. In contrast to the general understanding a century ago, the presence of fluctuations on all length scales at a critical point is emphasized today. This can be briefly summarized by saying that at a critical point a system is scale invariant. In addition, conformal invaTiance permits also a non-uniform, local rescal ing, provided only that angles remain unchanged.

virasoro algebra: Quantum Theory and Symmetries Heinz Dietrich Doebner, 2000 This volume gives an overview of the recent representative developments in relativistic and non-relativistic quantum theory, which are related to the application of various mathematical notions of various symmetries. These notions are centered upon groups, algebras and their generalizations, and are applied in interaction with topology, differential geometry, functional analysis and related fields. The emphasis is on results in the following areas: foundation of quantum physics, quantization methods, nonlinear quantum mechanics, algebraic quantum field theory, gauge and string theories, discrete spaces, quantum groups and generalized symmetries.

virasoro algebra: High Energy Physics - Proceedings Of The 25th International Conference (In 2 Volumes) Kok Khoo Phua, Y Yamaguchi, 1991-07-15 This proceedings contains the talks delivered at the plenary and parallel sessions. Topics covered include e⁺e⁻ Physics at Z0, String Theory and Theory of Extended Objects, High Energy pp Physics, Non-Accelerator Particle Physics, Conformal Field Theory, e⁺e⁻ Physics below Z⁰, Structure Functions and Deep Inelastic Scattering, Neutrino Physics, Recent Developments in 2-Dimensional Gravity, Lattice Gauge Theory and Computer Simulations, CP Violation, Accelerator Physics, Cosmology and Particle Physics, Interface Between Particle and Condensed Matter Physics, Detector R&D, and Astroparticle Physics.

virasoro algebra: Integral Systems, Solid State Physics and Theory of Phase Transitions V. V. Dodonov, Vladimir Ivanovich Man'ko, 1991

virasoro algebra: Current Algebras and Groups Jouko Mickelsson, 2013-03-09 Let M be a smooth manifold and G a Lie group. In this book we shall study infinite-dimensional Lie algebras associated both to the group Map(M, G) of smooth mappings from M to G and to the group of diffeomorphisms of M. In the former case the Lie algebra of the group is the algebra Mg of smooth mappings from M to the Lie algebra gof G. In the latter case the Lie algebra is the algebra Vect M of

smooth vector fields on M. However, it turns out that in many applications to field theory and statistical physics one must deal with certain extensions of the above mentioned Lie algebras. In the simplest case M is the unit circle SI, G is a simple finite dimensional Lie group and the central extension of Map(SI, g) is an affine Kac-Moody algebra. The highest weight theory of finite dimensional Lie algebras can be extended to the case of an affine Lie algebra. The important point is that Map(Sl, g) can be split to positive and negative Fourier modes and the finite-dimensional piece g corre sponding to the zero mode.

virasoro algebra: Infinite Dimensional Kähler Manifolds Alan Huckleberry, Tilmann Wurzbacher, 2012-12-06 Infinite dimensional manifolds, Lie groups and algebras arise naturally in many areas of mathematics and physics. Having been used mainly as a tool for the study of finite dimensional objects, the emphasis has changed and they are now frequently studied for their own independent interest. On the one hand this is a collection of closely related articles on infinite dimensional Kähler manifolds and associated group actions which grew out of a DMV-Seminar on the same subject. On the other hand it covers significantly more ground than was possible during the seminar in Oberwolfach and is in a certain sense intended as a systematic approach which ranges from the foundations of the subject to recent developments. It should be accessible to doctoral students and as well researchers coming from a wide range of areas. The initial chapters are devoted to a rather selfcontained introduction to group actions on complex and symplectic manifolds and to Borel-Weil theory in finite dimensions. These are followed by a treatment of the basics of infinite dimensional Lie groups, their actions and their representations. Finally, a number of more specialized and advanced topics are discussed, e.g., Borel-Weil theory for loop groups, aspects of the Virasoro algebra, (gauge) group actions and determinant bundles, and second quantization and the geometry of the infinite dimensional Grassmann manifold.

virasoro algebra: Recent Developments in Infinite-Dimensional Lie Algebras and Conformal Field Theory Stephen Berman, 2002 Because of its many applications to mathematics and mathematical physics, the representation theory of infinite-dimensional Lie and quantized enveloping algebras comprises an important area of current research. This volume includes articles from the proceedings of an international conference, ``Infinite-Dimensional Lie Theory and Conformal Field Theory'', held at the University of Virginia. Many of the contributors to the volume are prominent researchers in the field. This conference provided an opportunity for mathematicians and physicists to interact in an active research area of mutual interest. The talks focused on recent developments in the representation theory of affine, quantum affine, and extended affine Lie algebras and Lie superalgebras. They also highlighted applications to conformal field theory, integrable and disordered systems. Some of the articles are expository and accessible to a broad readership of mathematicians and physicists interested in this area; others are research articles that are appropriate for more advanced readers.

virasoro algebra: Symmetries, Lie Algebras and Representations Jürgen Fuchs, Christoph Schweigert, 2003-10-07 This book gives an introduction to Lie algebras and their representations. Lie algebras have many applications in mathematics and physics, and any physicist or applied mathematician must nowadays be well acquainted with them.

virasoro algebra: Current Algebras on Riemann Surfaces Oleg K. Sheinman, 2012-10-01 This monograph is an introduction into a new and fast developing field on the crossroads of infinite-dimensional Lie algebra theory and contemporary mathematical physics. It contains a self-consistent presentation of the theory of Krichever-Novikov algebras, Lax operator algebras, their interaction, representation theory, relations to moduli spaces of Riemann surfaces and holomorphic vector bundles on them, to Lax integrable systems, and conformal field theory. For beginners, the book provides a short way to join in the investigations in these fields. For experts, it sums up the recent advances in the theory of almost graded infinite-dimensional Lie algebras and their applications. The book may serve as a base for semester lecture courses on finite-dimensional integrable systems, conformal field theory, almost graded Lie algebras. Majority of results are presented for the first time in the form of monograph.

virasoro algebra: Introduction to Lie Algebras J. I. Hall, 2025-01-03 Being both a beautiful theory and a valuable tool, Lie algebras form a very important area of mathematics. This modern introduction targets entry-level graduate students. It might also be of interest to those wanting to refresh their knowledge of the area and be introduced to newer material. Infinite dimensional algebras are treated extensively along with the finite dimensional ones. After some motivation, the text gives a detailed and concise treatment of the Killing-Cartan classification of finite dimensional semisimple algebras over algebraically closed fields of characteristic 0. Important constructions such as Chevalley bases follow. The second half of the book serves as a broad introduction to algebras of arbitrary dimension, including Kac-Moody (KM), loop, and affine KM algebras. Finite dimensional semisimple algebras are viewed as KM algebras of finite dimension, their representation and character theory developed in terms of integrable representations. The text also covers triangular decomposition (after Moody and Pianzola) and the BGG category \$mathcal{O}\$. A lengthy chapter discusses the Virasoro algebra and its representations. Several applications to physics are touched on via differential equations, Lie groups, superalgebras, and vertex operator algebras. Each chapter concludes with a problem section and a section on context and history. There is an extensive bibliography, and appendices present some algebraic results used in the book.

virasoro algebra: Lie Algebras and Related Topics Georgia Benkart, J. Marshall Osborn, 1990 Discusses the problem of determining the finite-dimensional simple Lie algebras over an algebraically closed field of characteristic \$p>7\$. This book includes topics such as Lie algebras of prime characteristic, algebraic groups, combinatorics and representation theory, and Kac-Moody and Virasoro algebras.

Related to virasoro algebra

Virasoro algebra - Wikipedia In mathematics, the Virasoro algebra is a complex Lie algebra and the unique nontrivial central extension of the Witt algebra. It is widely used in two-dimensional conformal field theory and in

Virasoro algebra - Encyclopedia of Mathematics The first positive-energy representations of \$ \mathop {\rm Vir} \$ were implicitly constructed by M.A. Virasoro [a1] in 1970, using an Abelian version of the Sugawara

The Virasoro algebra and its representations in physics In the following sections we will see how the Virasoro algebra appears as a central extension of the Witt algebra and study the conditions for highest weight representations to be unitary and

Representation Theory of the Virasoro Algebra | SpringerLink The Virasoro algebra is an infinite dimensional Lie algebra that plays an increasingly important role in mathematics and theoretical physics. This book describes some fundamental facts

Unraveling the Mysteries of Virasoro Algebra - Simple Science Virasoro Algebra is a mathematical structure that arises in the field of theoretical physics, particularly in string theory and conformal field theory. To put it simply, it helps

Miguel Virasoro | American Academy of Arts and Sciences Specialised in particle physics and field theory (the Virasoro algebra is at the origin of string theory), he later became interested in statistical mechanics and problems of complexity from

Virasoro Algebra: A Comprehensive Guide - In this comprehensive guide, we will explore the definition, properties, and significance of the Virasoro Algebra, as well as its far-reaching implications. The Virasoro Algebra is an infinite

Miguel Ángel Virasoro (physicist) - Wikipedia Soon after his discovery of the Virasoro-Shapiro amplitude, Virasoro introduced what became known as the Virasoro algebra. The Virasoro algebra is an infinite-dimensional Lie algebra

M A Virasoro - Google Scholar Feynman-like diagrams compatible with duality. I. Planar diagrams. SPIN GLASS THEORY AND BEYOND: AN INTRODUCTION TO THE REPLICA METHOD AND ITS

Miguel Virasoro 1940-2021 - CERN Courier The Virasoro condition proved to be a killer for

string theory as a description of strong interactions, but it opened the way to the 1974 Scherk-Schwarz reinterpretation of it as

Virasoro algebra - Wikipedia In mathematics, the Virasoro algebra is a complex Lie algebra and the unique nontrivial central extension of the Witt algebra. It is widely used in two-dimensional conformal field theory and in

Virasoro algebra - Encyclopedia of Mathematics The first positive-energy representations of \$ \mathop {\rm Vir} \$ were implicitly constructed by M.A. Virasoro [a1] in 1970, using an Abelian version of the Sugawara

The Virasoro algebra and its representations in physics In the following sections we will see how the Virasoro algebra appears as a central extension of the Witt algebra and study the conditions for highest weight representations to be unitary and

Representation Theory of the Virasoro Algebra | SpringerLink The Virasoro algebra is an infinite dimensional Lie algebra that plays an increasingly important role in mathematics and theoretical physics. This book describes some fundamental facts

Unraveling the Mysteries of Virasoro Algebra - Simple Science Virasoro Algebra is a mathematical structure that arises in the field of theoretical physics, particularly in string theory and conformal field theory. To put it simply, it helps

Miguel Virasoro | American Academy of Arts and Sciences Specialised in particle physics and field theory (the Virasoro algebra is at the origin of string theory), he later became interested in statistical mechanics and problems of complexity from

Virasoro Algebra: A Comprehensive Guide - In this comprehensive guide, we will explore the definition, properties, and significance of the Virasoro Algebra, as well as its far-reaching implications. The Virasoro Algebra is an infinite

Miguel Ángel Virasoro (physicist) - Wikipedia Soon after his discovery of the Virasoro-Shapiro amplitude, Virasoro introduced what became known as the Virasoro algebra. The Virasoro algebra is an infinite-dimensional Lie algebra

M A Virasoro - Google Scholar Feynman-like diagrams compatible with duality. I. Planar diagrams. SPIN GLASS THEORY AND BEYOND: AN INTRODUCTION TO THE REPLICA METHOD AND ITS

Miguel Virasoro 1940-2021 - CERN Courier The Virasoro condition proved to be a killer for string theory as a description of strong interactions, but it opened the way to the 1974 Scherk-Schwarz reinterpretation of it as

Related to virasoro algebra

New variational and multisymplectic formulations of the Euler-Poincaré equation on the Virasoro-Bott group using the inverse map (JSTOR Daily3y) We derive a new variational principle, leading to a new momentum map and a new multisymplectic formulation for a family of Euler-Poincaré equations defined on the Virasoro-Bott group, by using the

New variational and multisymplectic formulations of the Euler-Poincaré equation on the Virasoro-Bott group using the inverse map (JSTOR Daily3y) We derive a new variational principle, leading to a new momentum map and a new multisymplectic formulation for a family of Euler-Poincaré equations defined on the Virasoro-Bott group, by using the

Back to Home: https://ns2.kelisto.es